

4. Differentiate each of these:

(i)  $y = e^{2x}(1 + e^x)$   
PRODUCT

(ii)  $t = \frac{e^{2x}}{x}$

(iii)  $x^2 e^{\cos x}$   
u.v  
PRODUCT, CHAIN

(iii)

Product rule

$$y = uv \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (x^2)(-\sin x e^{\cos x}) + (e^{\cos x})(2x)$$

$u = x^2$

$\frac{du}{dx} = 2x$

$v = e^{\cos x}$

$\frac{dv}{dx} = e^{\cos x} (-\sin x)$

CHAIN RULE

$$= -\sin x \cdot e^{\cos x}$$

$$= -x^2 \sin x \cdot e^{\cos x} + 2x e^{\cos x}$$

10. If  $y = e^{mx}$ ,  $m \in R$ , find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ .

Hence, find  $m$  if  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 3 \frac{dy}{dx} - 4y = 0$ .

$f(x) \rightarrow f'(x)$   
 $e^{ax} \rightarrow ae^{ax}$

$$y = e^{mx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = me^{mx}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = m^2 e^{mx}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 3 \frac{dy}{dx} - 4y = 0$$

$$m^2 e^{mx} - 3(me^{mx}) - 4e^{mx} = 0$$

$$m^2 e^{mx} - 3me^{mx} - 4e^{mx} = 0$$

$$(m^2 - 7m)e^{mx} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow m^2 - 7m = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow m=0 \quad \text{OR} \quad m=7$$

11. Let  $f(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$

Show that  $f''(x) = f(x)$ , where  $f''(x)$  is the second derivative of  $f(x)$ .

Write as  
separate fractions

$$\begin{array}{l} f(x) \rightarrow f'(x) \\ e^{ax} \rightarrow ae^{ax} \end{array}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} = \frac{1}{2}e^x + \frac{1}{2}e^{-x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{1}{2}[e^x] + \frac{1}{2}[-1e^{-x}] \\ &= \frac{1}{2}e^x - \frac{1}{2}e^{-x} \end{aligned}$$

Second derivative

$$\begin{aligned} f''(x) &= \frac{1}{2}e^x - \frac{1}{2}[-1e^{-x}] \\ &= \frac{1}{2}e^x + \frac{1}{2}e^{-x} \\ &= \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} \quad \text{QED} \end{aligned}$$

12. Find the equation of the tangent to the curve  $y = 3e^x - \sin x + 5$  at the point where  $x = 0$ .

The slope when  $x=0$   
is  $f'(0)$

$$f(x) \rightarrow f'(x)$$

$$e^{ax} \rightarrow ae^{ax}$$

$$\sin x \rightarrow \cos x$$

$$\text{Sub in } x=0$$

Slope

$$x=0, y=?$$

$$\text{Line/Tangent}$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y = 3e^x - \sin x + 5$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3e^x - \cos x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx}(x=0) = 3e^0 - \cos(0) = 2$$

$$\boxed{m = 2} \quad \text{when } x = 0$$

$$y = 3e^0 - \sin(0) + 5 \Rightarrow \boxed{y = 8}$$

$$y - 8 = 2(x - 0)$$

$$y - 8 = 2x$$

$$y = 2x + 8$$