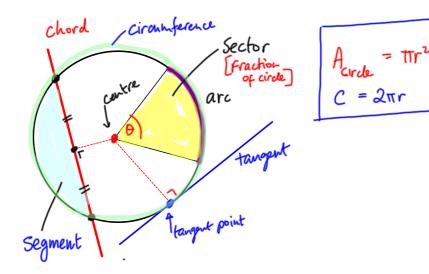
Length – Area – Volume

Section 6.2 Sectors of circles

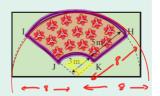


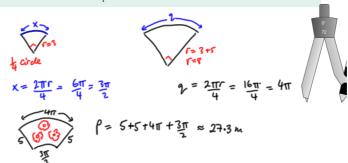
Example 1

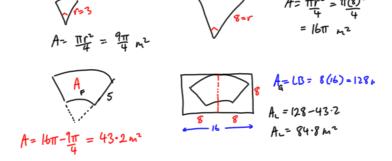
A flowerbed in the shape of a section of a sector of a circle is placed in the centre of a rectangular lawn, as shown in the diagram. Calculate

- (i) the length of edging needed for the flowerbed
- (ii) the area of grass in the garden.

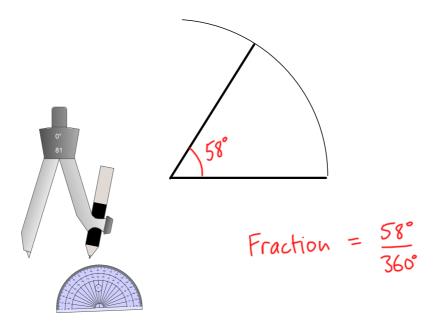
Correct each answer to one place of decimals.





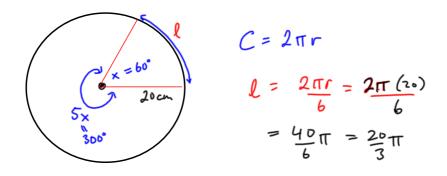


What fraction?



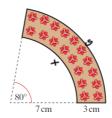
Example 2

A minor arc CD of a circle, centre O and radius 20 cm, subtends an angle x radians at O. The major arc CD of the circle subtends an angle 5x radians at O. Find, in terms of π , the length of the minor arc.



Exercise 6.2

- 1. A drawing of a curved flower bed is shown. The scale in the drawing is 1 cm:1 m. Calculate, correct to 1 place of decimals,
 - (i) the perimeter of the bed
 - (ii) the area of the bed.



$$C = 2\pi r$$

$$X = \frac{2}{9}(2\pi r) = \frac{2}{9}(2\pi(7)) = 9.8 \text{ cm}$$

$$Y = \frac{2}{9}(2\pi r) = \frac{2}{9}(2\pi(10)) = 14.0 \text{ cm}$$

$$P = \frac{3}{9} + \frac{3}{9} + \frac{9}{8} + \frac{14}{14} = \frac{29.8 \text{ cm}}{14.0 \text{ cm}}$$

(ii) Area of bed?

Acrole =
$$\pi \Gamma^2$$

Small Sector

$$A = \frac{2}{9} (\pi \Gamma^2) = \frac{2}{9} (\pi (\pi)^2) = 34 \cdot 2 \text{ m}^2$$

$$A = \frac{2}{9} (\pi \Gamma^2) = \frac{2}{9} (\pi (\pi)^2) = 69 \cdot 8 \text{ m}^2$$

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