

# Coordinate Geometry: The Line

1

## Section 1.4 Dividing a line in a given ratio

PROJECT MATHS - STRAND 2  
**Text & Tests**  
 LEAVING CERTIFICATE  
 HIGHER LEVEL

4

17

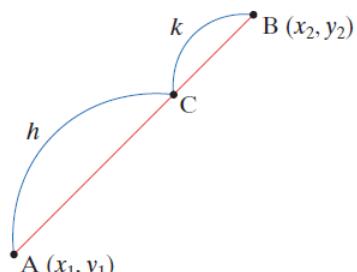
### Internal division

In the given diagram, the point C divides the line segment [AB] in the ratio  $h:k$ .

The coordinates of C are given by the formula,

$$C = \left( \frac{hx_2 + kx_1}{h+k}, \frac{hy_2 + ky_1}{h+k} \right)$$

Internal divisor



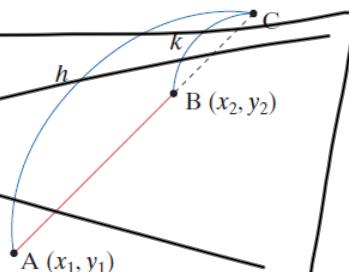
### External division

In the given diagram, the point C divides the line segment [AB] externally in the ratio  $h:k$ .  
 The coordinates of C are given by the formula,

$$C = \left( \frac{hx_2 - kx_1}{h-k}, \frac{hy_2 - ky_1}{h-k} \right)$$

External divisor

not on course



### Example 1

Find the coordinates of the point which divides the line segment

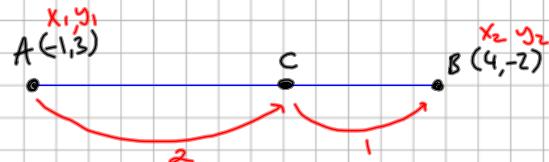
A(-1, 3) and B(4, -2)

(i) internally      (ii) externally in the ratio 2:1.

$$C = \left( \frac{hx_2 + kx_1}{h+k}, \frac{hy_2 + ky_1}{h+k} \right)$$

Ratio 2:1  
h:k

$h+k=3$



$$\begin{aligned} C &= \left( \frac{2(4) + 1(-1)}{3}, \frac{2(-2) + 1(3)}{3} \right) \\ &= \left( \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{1}{3} \right) \end{aligned}$$