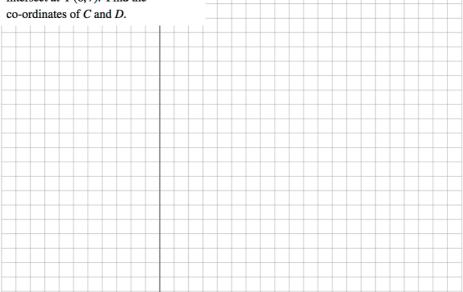
Coordinate Geometry Revision Questions



LC HL Project Maths

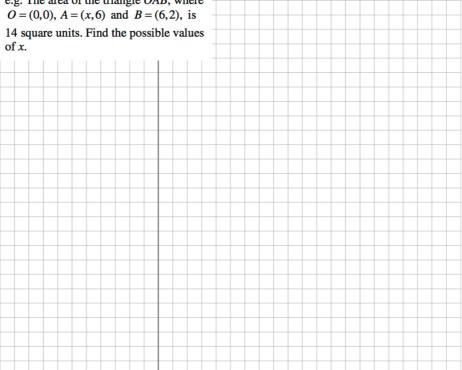
A.The Line

1. Basic concepts e.g. A(2,3) and B(5,9) are two of the vertices of the parallelogram ABCD, and the diagonals of the parallelogram intersect at P(6,7). Find the



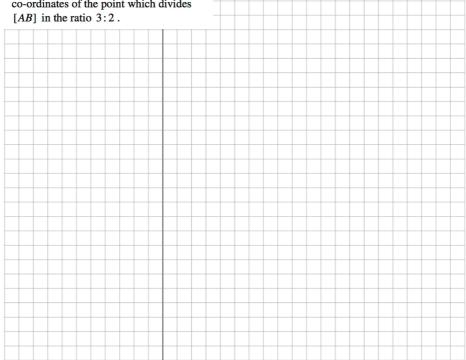
2. Area of a triangle

e.g. The area of the triangle OAB, where O = (0,0), A = (x,6) and B = (6,2), is

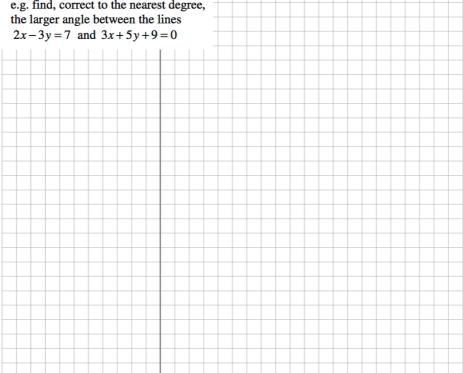


3. Divisor of a line segment

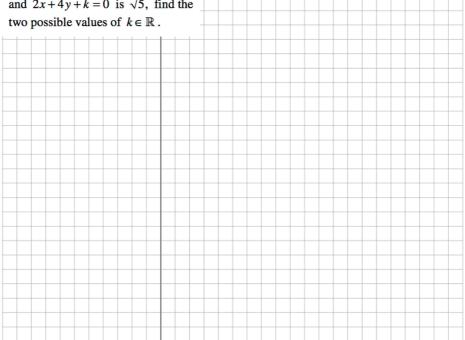
e.g. If A = (2,8) and B = (-8,13), find the co-ordinates of the point which divides



4. Angle between two lines e.g. find, correct to the nearest degree, the larger angle between the lines

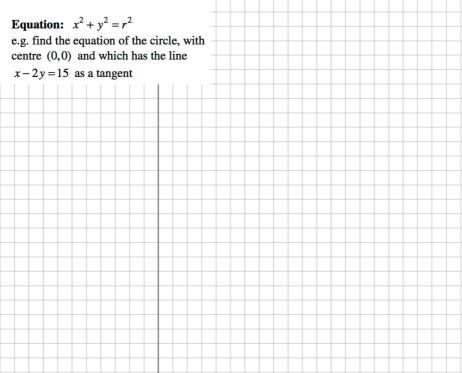


5. Perpendicular distance formula e.g. if the perpendicular distance between the parallel lines x + 2y = 8and 2x+4y+k=0 is $\sqrt{5}$, find the

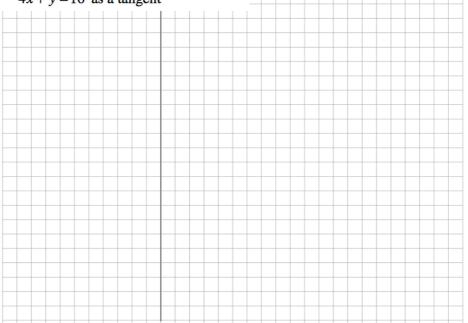


B. The Circle

1. **Equation:** $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$ centre (0,0) and which has the line

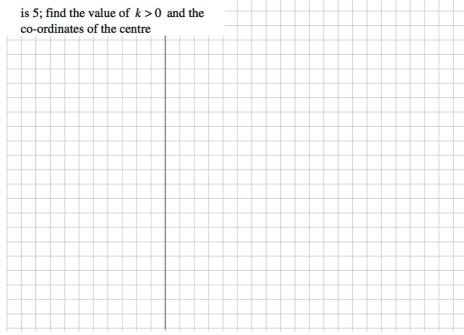


2. Equation: $(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$ e.g. find the equation of the circle that has centre (-1,3) and has the line 4x + y = 16 as a tangent



3. Equation: $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ e.g. the length of the radius of the circle

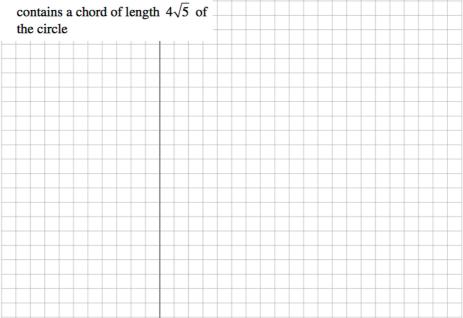
$$x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 2ky - 15 = 0$$



4. g, f, c method

e.g. find the equation of the circle which contains the points (7,5) and

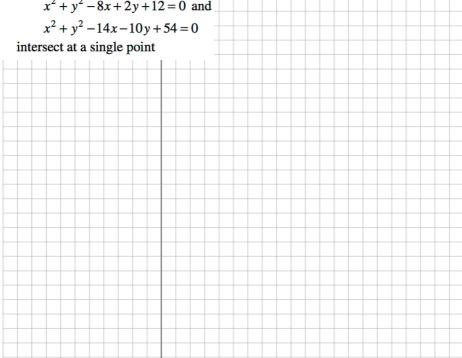
(8,-2) if the line 2x-y-2=0



Touching circles

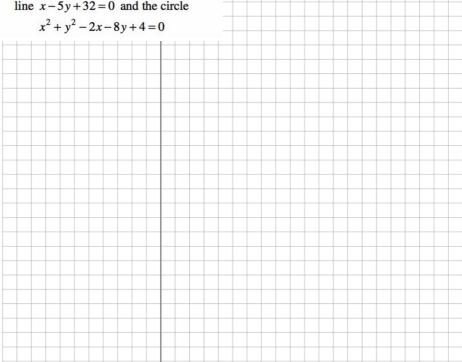
e.g. investigate if the circles

$$x^2 + y^2 - 8x + 2y + 12 = 0$$
 and



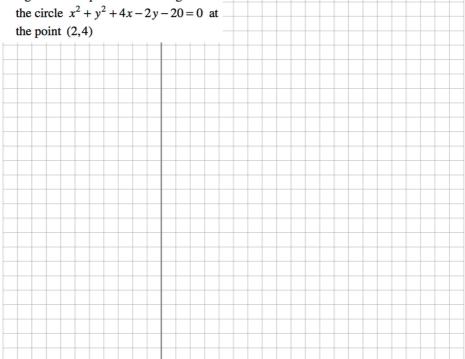
6. Intersection of a line and a circle

e.g. find the points of intersection of the line x-5y+32=0 and the circle



7. Tangent at a point e.g. find the equation of the tangent to

the point (2,4)



8. Tangents and chords
e.g. find the equations of the tangents that can be drawn from the point

